## Attachment S PARENTS' BILL OF RIGHTS FOR DATA PRIVACY AND SECURITY

The purpose of the Parents' Bill of Rights is to inform parents (which also include legal guardians of persons in parental relation to a student, but generally not the parents of a student who is age eighteen or over the legal requirements regarding pacy, security and use of student data. In addition to the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), Education Lawd Provides important new protections for student data, and new remedies for breaches of the responsibility to maintain the security and confidentiality such data.

A. What are the essential parents' rights under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) relating to personally identifiable information in their child's student records?

The rights of parents under FERPA are summarized in the Model Notification of Rights prepared by the United States Department of Education for use by schools in providing anothical tion of rights to parents. It can be accessed <a href="http://www2.ed.gov/policy/gen/guid/fpco/ferpa/lefficials.html">http://www2.ed.gov/policy/gen/guid/fpco/ferpa/lefficials.html</a>, and a copy is attached to this Parents' Bill of Rights Complete student records are maintained by schools and school districts, an not at the New York State Education Department (NYSED). Further, NYSED would need to establish an implement a means to verify a parent's identity and right of access to records before processing a reques records to the school or school district. Therefore, requestiscess student records will be most efficiently managed at the school or school district level.

## Parents' rights under FERPA include:

- The right to inspect and review the student's education records within 45 days after the day the sch or school disfict receives a request for access.
- 2. The right to request amendment of the student's education records that the parent or eligible stud believes are inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the student's privacy rights under FERPA. Complete student records are maintained by schools and school districts and not at NYSE which is the secondary repository of data, and NYSED make amendments to school or school districts.

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Services of a thirmparty contractor covered under Education Lawd§2clude, but not limited to, data management or storage services, conducting studies for or on behalf of the educational agency, or a or evaluation of publicly funded programs.

When an educational agency enters into a contract with a third party contractor, under which the the party contractor will receive student data, the contract or agreement must include a data security apprivacy plan that outlines how all state, federal, and local data security and privacy contract requireme will be implemented over the life of the contract, consistent with the educational agency's policy on data security and privacy. However, the standards for an educational agency's policy on data security a privacy must be prescribed in Regulations of the Commissioner that have not yet been promulgated signed copy of the Parents' Bill of Rights must be included, as well as a requirement that any officers employees of the third party contractor and its assignees who have access to student data or teach principal data have received or will receive training on the federal and state law governing confidentiality of such data prior to receiving access.

Each third partycontractor that enters into a contract or other written agreement with an educational agency under which the third party contractor will receive student data or teacher or principal data shall:

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4. The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the [School] to comply with the requirements of FERPA. The name and address of the Office that administers FERPA are:

Family Policy Compliance Office U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20202

[NOTE: In addition, a school may want to include its directory information public notice, as required by §99.3 of the regulations, with its annual notification frights under FERPA.]

[Optional] See the list below of the disclosures that elementary and secondary schools may make without consent.

FERPA permits the disclosure of PII from students' education records, without consent of the parent or eligib student, if the disclosure meets certain conditions found in §99.31 of the FERPA regulations. Except for disclosures to school officials, disclosures related to some judicial orders or lawfully issued subpoenas, disclosures of directory information, and disclosures to the parent or eligible student, §99.32 of the FERPA regulations requires the school to record the disclosure. Parents and eligible students have a right to inspect review the record of disclosures. A school may disclose PII from the education records of a student without obtaining prior written consent of the parents or the eligible student –

- x To other school officials, including teachers, within the educational agency or institution whom the school has determined to have legitimate educational interests. This includes contractors, consultants, volunteers, or other parties to whom the school has outsourced institutional services of functions, provided that the conditions listed in §99.31(a)(1)(i)(B)(a)(1)(i)(B)(2) are met. (§99.31(a)(1))
- x To officials of another school, school system, or institution of postsecondary education where the student seeks or intends to enroll, or where the student is already enrolled if the disclosure is for purposes related to the student's enrollment or transfer, subject to the requirements of §99.34. (§99.31(a)(2))
- x To authorized representatives of the U. S. Comptroller General, the U. S. Attorney General, the U. S. Secretary of Education, or State and local educational authorities, such as the State educational agency in the parent or eligible student's State (SEA). Disclosures under this provision may be made, subject to the requirements of §99.35, in connection with an audit or evaluation of Federal-Statesupported education programs, or for the entities of or compliance with Federal legal requirements that relate to those programs. These entities may make further disclosures of PII to outside entities that are designated by them as their authorized representatives to conduct any audevaluation, or enforcement or compliance activity on their behalf. (§§99.31(a)(3) and 99.35)
- x In connection with financial aid for which the student has applied or which the student has received if the information is necessary to determine eligibility for the aident the amount of the aid, determine the conditions of the aid, or enforce the terms and conditions of the aid. (§99.31(a)(4))
- x To State and local officials or authorities to whom information is specifically allowed to be reported or disclosed by a Statute that concerns the juvenile justice system and the system's ability to

- effectively serve, prior to adjudication, the student whose records were released, subject to §99.38 (§99.31(a)(5))
- x To organizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, the school, in order to: (a) develop, validate, or administer predictive tests; (b) administer student aid programs; or (c) improve instruction. (§99.31(a)(6))
- x To accrediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions. (§99.31(a)(7))
- x To parents of an eligible student if the student is a dependent for IRS tax purposes. (§99.31(a)(8))
- x To comply with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena. (§99.31(a)(9))
- x To appropriate officials in connection with a health or safety emergency, subject to §99.36. (§99.31(a)(10)
- x Information the school has designated as "directory information" under §99.37. (§99.31(a)(11))

## **ATTACHMENT S-1**

## Attachment to Parents' Bill Of Rights For Contracts Involving Disclosure of Certain Personally Identifiable Information

Education Law §24, added by Ch. 56 of the Laws of 201equires that a Parents' Bill of Rights be attached to every contract with a thinatty contractor (as defined in the law) which involves the disclosure of personally identifiable information (PII) derived from student education records ("Student Data"), or certain teacher/principalformationregardingannualprofessionalperformanceevaluations that is confidential pursuant to Education §30212c ("APPR Data"). Each such Contract must include this completed Attachment to provide specific informationate the use of such data by the Contractor.

1.	Specify whether this Contraction volves disclosur to the Contractor of Stude Data, APPRData, or both.
	Disclosureof Student Data
	☐ Disclosureof APPRData
2.	Describe the exclusive purposes for which the Student Data or APPR Data will be used in the performance of this contract.
	endors will identify 250 students (ages 24) per year and collect demographic data such as

the start date of service, social security number, date of birth, race, ethnicity, student status, the specific preemployment transition services (FEES services) received, and any other elements deemed necessary to report expenditures for the funded activities with students. Preservices are as follows: Job Exploration Counseling, Work Based Learning, Counseling on opportunities for enrollment in comprehensive transition or pesondary educational programs, Workplace Readiness Training, and Instruction in Self-Advocacy.

 Identify any subcontractors or other persons/entities withom the Contractor will share the Student Data or APPR in the performance of this Contract, and describe how the Contractor will ensure that such persons/entities will abide by the data protection and security requirements of the Contract.

Subcontractors or other entities with whom the Contractor will share data:

Contract Number: # C014014

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4. Specify the expiration date of the Contract, and explain what will happen to the Student Data or APPR Data in the Contractor's possession, or the possession of any person/entity de/t5-10 (u