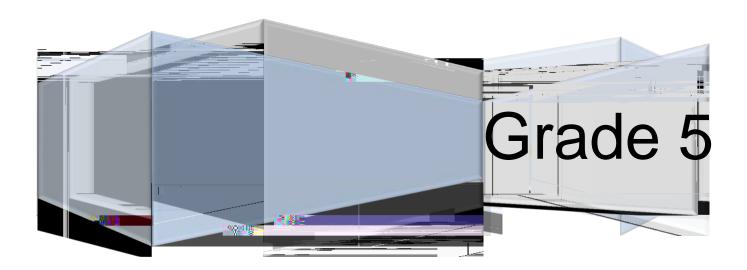
Scaffolding Instruction for All Students:

A Resource Guide for English Language Arts



The University of the State of New York State Education Department Office of Curriculum and Instruction and Office of Special Education Albany, NY 12234

Scaffolding Instruction for AlStudents A Resource Guide for English Language Arts Grade5

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Introduction

The Next Generation English Language Arts (ELA) and Mathematics Learning Standards intend to foster the 21th century skills needed for college and career readiness and to prepare students to become lifelong learners and thinkers. Learning standards provide the "destination" or expectation of what students should know and be able to do while teachers provide "thep" for getting there through high-quality instruction.

How to Use Th]s Guide

The provision of scaffolds should be thoughtfully planned as to not isolate or identify any student or group of students as being "different" or requiring additional support. Therefore, in the spirit of inclusive and culturally responsive classrooms, the following is suggested:

- x Make scaffolded worksheets or activities availate all students.
- x Heterogeneously group students for group activities when appropriate.
- x Provide ELLs/MLLs with opportunities to utilize their home language knowledge and skills in the context of the learning environment.
- x Make individualized supports adapted materials available without emphasizing the difference.
- x Consistently and thoughtfully use technology to make materials more accessible to all students.

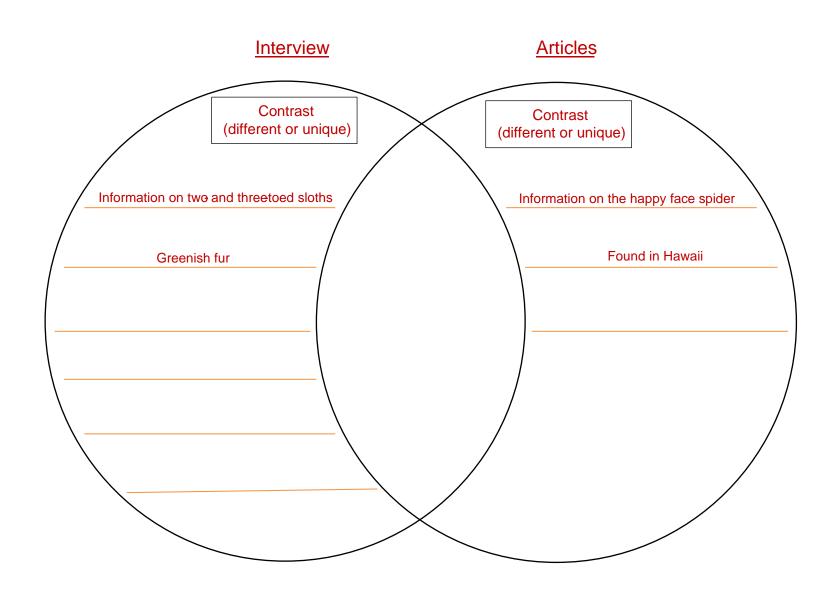
In the ELA guides, the Table of Contesstsrganized to allow teachers to access strategessed on the instructional focus (reading, writing, speaking and listening, and language) and includes a list of scaffolds that can be used to address those needs. In the mathematics guides, the Table of Contents organized around the scaffolds themselve

Each scaffold includes a description of what the scaffold is, who may benefit, and how it can be implemented in a lessospecific model (see graphic below). Theripts

Partially Completed Graphic Organizer

Exemplar from:

Module 2A: Unit 1: Lesson 5Work Time B



Visual GistOrganizer

Exemplar from:

Module 3B: Unit 1: Lesson Work Time A

Explanation of scaffold

Avisual gist organizer is a graphic organizer can be used scaffold reading by providing a structure for students who need additional support to ecall directions, organize information, and identify relationships between information. This toolallows students to use pictures or drawings to illustrately details of a text and easily be altered to provide additional scaffolding/support to students, as including a checklist that enables students to keep track of the steps needed to successfully c an activity. Although the exemplar demonstrates how t[(a)4(I)4(I)10(9de)3(n)1ccesss8A6 ra5 steps6 r4

Visual Gist Organizer

Name			Date				
Title	tle Pages						
Directions Put an X in the	irections Put an X in the box after you complete each step.						
 Whisper read Identify details that help you understand what the pages are about. Sketch 35 details in the boxes below. Share your sketches and thinking about the gist with the group. Revise or add to your visual gist sketch based on the group discussion. Write a gist statement to share with the ass where indicated. 							
Detail 1	Detail 2	Detail 3	Detail 4	Detail 5			
Gist Statement:							

ParagraphFrame

Exemplar from:

Module 3A: Unit 1: Lesson Work Time C

Explanation of scaffold

A paragraph frame canT /gnTQ9it8 503.28 117.MC 03.28 Q9t8 cs 0 -0E7MC n5.9(/CS 8 117.M)-6.r.722

Paragraph Frame

Name

Sentence Starters

Exemplar from:

Module 4: Unit 1: Lesson 1Work Time B

Explanation of scaffold

Sentence starters scaffold expressive language for students who need support participal content-based conversations with their classmates. Although the Conversation Sentence Starters on the following page of this guide connect with the small grotispic uses in this module lesson, the format can be adapted for use in any lesson to facilitate student discussions about academic contents.

Teacher actions/instructions

After reviewing the World Café protocol directions distribute the Conversation Sentence Start at to, omit, or alter these suggested sentence starters as appropriate to meet the needs of your students to use the entence starters as needed to begin their sentences white cussing the questions Explain that the entence starters along with their Observe Question Infernote-catchers, will help them remember and stay focused on the topic while speaking.

Student actions

Students participate in the small group discussion as directed, using the sentence starters as r

Student handouts/materials

Conversation Sentence Startefound on the next page)

A disaster happens when natural event ...

Natural disasters affect people

Natural disasters are caused by

Explicit Vocabulary Instruction

Exemplar from:

Module 1: Unit 1: Lesson Work Time B

Explanation of scaffold

Explicit vocabulary instruction supports students who need systermit explicit instruction to learn vocabulary due to limited background knowledge word $v \cdot 1$ was chosen as exemplarbecause it one of the words whose meaning is described in the lesson as difficult to determine from contextduring students close read of Article 1 of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. However, a systematic, explicit vocabulary procedure can be used in any lesson whenever new cabulary is introduced.

A video example of this procedure, modeled by Anita Archer, can be viewe <a href="http://explicitinstruction.org/video-elementary/el

Teacher actions/instructions

- 1. Introduce the word.
- 2. Provide a studentriendly definition.
- 3. Illustrate with examples.
- 4. Check students' understanding with examples and nonexamples.

Step 1: Introduce the word.

T(teacher): We are going to be using a new word calbed science What word?

S(student): Conscience

Step 2: Provide a studentriendly definition.

T: Consciencenears an inner sense of right and wrong.

Step 3: Illustrate with examples.

T: When I was in \$\frac{1}{5}\$ grade, I accidentally walked out of the grocery store with a candy bar in my hand. My conscience I needed to go back inside and pay for the candy bar. My inner sense of right and wrong told me I made a mistake and needed to fix it.

My conscience0(tBDC).008 Tw 0.62 0 Td [(an w 0.4)-11(o)-1(ng it.22 8 0.212 0.204 s10(2</MCID 72 >>E

T: When I give an example, I want you to put your thumbs up if it is an example of a person u or her conscience,

Frayer Model

Exemplar from:

Module 1: Unit 1: Lesson 3Work Time A

Explanation of scaffold

The Frayer model is a four-square graphic organizer that includes a studeriendly definition, a description of important characteristics, examples, and nonexamples an be easily adapted to include pictures or icons for students who need additional supposition is scaffold may be a most suitable alternative than creting the vocabulary flash cards in this specific lesson for students struggle with vocabulary retention and demonstrate difficulty using context clues to determine meaning of unfamiliar concepts. The following example demonstrates how to provide placition instruction for those students who need information broken down into smaller, more managor chunks as well as modeling and guided practice to effectively use this tool to learn new concepts word articulated was chosen as an exemplar becautisis essential for students to understand the word to comprehend the text. However, the Frayer model can be use in any lesson to help stustengthen their conceptual knowledge and develop their understanding of unfamiliar vocabulary.

Teacher adons/instructions:

Select key conceptsom the text. These words should be limited in number dessential to reading comprehension.

Instruct students to complete Frayer ordels as follows:

- 1. Write the vocabulary word in the middle circle.
- 2. Define the wood, using studenfriendly language, in the efinition box. Use your own words.
- 3. Write terms to describe the word in the Characteristics. Again, use your own words.
- 4. List examples of the definition in the Examples. Draw a picture to help younderstand the word if needed.
- 5. List nonexamples of the definition in the theorexamples box. Again, draw a picture if needed.
- 6. Test yourself.

NAME				

Frayer Model (example)

Definition	Characteristics
Gearly stated or said	Action word, or verb
	Put into words
	Expressed clearly
Examples	Nonexamples
Human rights in the UDHR	My little sister trying to tell
Rules in our classroom	me what's wrong while she is crying
	The announcements of stops on the subway

NAME	